

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA**

WARREN RICHARDS, <i>on behalf of himself and others similarly situated,</i>)	Civil Action No.: 1:25-cv-01385
)	Class Action Complaint
Plaintiff,)	Jury Trial Demanded
v.)	
SHEIN DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION)	
)	
Defendant.)	
)	

CASE MANAGEMENT PLAN

I. Parties and Representatives

A. Plaintiff: Warren Richards

Defendant: Shein Distribution Corporation

B. Counsel for Plaintiff:

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Counsel shall promptly file a notice with the Clerk if there is any change in this information.

II. Jurisdiction and Statement of Claims

- A. The parties shall state the basis for subject matter jurisdiction. If there is disagreement, each party shall state its position.

This Court has jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C § 1331 as Plaintiff asserts claims for alleged violations of the federal Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227

- B. Plaintiff brings suit under 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5), which, pertinent here, makes it illegal to places calls to numbers listed on the National Do Not Call Registry.
- C. Defendant denies it violated any provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227 as Plaintiff alleges in his complaint.

III. Pretrial Pleadings and Disclosures

Defendant Shein has filed a Motion to Stay pending what Shein contends is a controlling Seventh Circuit appeal. (*See* Dkt. 19.) The Plaintiff intends to oppose. In the alternative, Shein asks this Court to stay discovery pending its Motion to Dismiss. (*See* Dkt. 17.) The Plaintiff intends to oppose.

Shein contends that its Motion to Stay should be evaluated prior to setting a schedule, and anticipates discussing its pending Motions at the initial pretrial conference. Should this matter be stayed, or should discovery be stayed, Shein suggests that the Parties provide an amended case schedule within 14 days of the expiration of the stay.

Should this Court deny Shein's Motion to Stay, or find it not ripe for discussion at the initial pretrial conference, Shein is agreed with the dates proposed below.

- A. The parties shall serve their Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 initial disclosures on or before **October 15, 2025**. That disclosure date will permit Defendant to complete its preliminary fact investigation of Plaintiff's allegations.
- B. Plaintiff(s) shall file preliminary witness and exhibit lists on or before **October 29, 2025**
- C. Defendant(s) shall file preliminary witness and exhibit lists on or before **November 5, 2025**.
- D. All motions for leave to amend the pleadings and/or to join additional parties shall be filed on or before **December 22, 2025**.

- E. Plaintiff(s) shall serve Defendant(s) (but not file with the Court) a statement of special damages, if any, and make a settlement demand, on or before **October 22, 2025**. Defendant(s) shall serve on the Plaintiff(s) (but not file with the Court) a response thereto **within 30 days after receipt of the demand**.
- F. Except where governed by paragraph (G) below, expert witness disclosure deadlines shall conform to the following schedule: Plaintiff(s) shall disclose the name, address, and vita of any expert witness, and shall serve the report required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2) on or before **February 23, 2026**. Defendant(s) shall disclose the name, address, and vita of any expert witness, and shall serve the report required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2) on or before **April 13, 2026**. Expert discovery to close **April 27, 2026**.
- G. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (F), above, if a party intends to use expert testimony in connection with a motion for summary judgment to be filed by that party, such expert disclosures must be served on opposing counsel no later than 90 days prior to the dispositive motion deadline. If such expert disclosures are served the parties shall confer within 7 days to stipulate to a date for responsive disclosures (if any) and completion of expert discovery necessary for efficient resolution of the anticipated motion for summary judgment. The parties shall make good faith efforts to avoid requesting enlargements of the dispositive motions deadline and related briefing deadlines. Any proposed modifications of the CMP deadlines or briefing schedule must be approved by the Court.
- H. Any party who wishes to limit or preclude expert testimony at trial shall file any such objections on or before **June 29, 2026**. Any party who wishes to preclude expert witness testimony at the summary judgment stage shall file any such objections with their responsive brief within the briefing schedule established by S.D. Ind. L.R. 56-1.
- I. All parties shall file and serve their final witness and exhibit lists on or before **December 1, 2026**. This list should reflect the specific potential witnesses the party may call at trial. It is not sufficient for a party to simply incorporate by reference “any witness listed in discovery” or such general statements. The list of final witnesses shall include a brief synopsis of the expected testimony.

The Parties request that, if a schedule is entered (and the case or discovery not stayed) that this date be held in abeyance, to be set following a ruling on Plaintiff's motion for class certification, discussed further below.
- J. Any party who believes that bifurcation of discovery and/or trial is appropriate with respect to any issue or claim shall notify the Court as soon as practicable.
- K. Discovery of electronically stored information (“ESI”). If either party is seeking the production of a substantial volume of ESI, then complete the ESI Supplement

to the Report of the Parties' Planning Meeting (also available in MS Word on the court's website at <http://www.insd.uscourts.gov/case-management-plans>).

If the parties believe that a substantial volume of ESI will not be produced in the case, the parties should include herein a brief description of the information anticipated to be sought in discovery in the case and include (1) the parties' agreement regarding the format in which ESI will be produced (including whether the production will include metadata), (2) a description of any other issues the parties believe may be relevant to discovery in the case, and (3) either the following claw back provision or the language of any alternative provision being proposed:

In the event that a document protected by the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product doctrine or other applicable privilege or protection is unintentionally produced by any party to this proceeding, the producing party may request that the document be returned. In the event that such a request is made, all parties to the litigation and their counsel shall promptly return all copies of the document in their possession, custody, or control to the producing party and shall not retain or make any copies of the document or any documents derived from such document. The producing party shall promptly identify the returned document on a privilege log. The unintentional disclosure of a privileged or otherwise protected document shall not constitute a waiver of the privilege or protection with respect to that document or any other documents involving the same or similar subject matter.

The parties do not presently believe that a substantial volume of ESI will be produced in the case, but will promptly notify this Court should the volume of ESI exceed expectations.

Plaintiff anticipates seeking the following information in discovery: (1) Defendant's and/or third-party call data regarding Plaintiff and the class; (2) Defendant's affirmative defenses, such as consent; (3) Defendant's negligence or willfulness regarding the alleged Telephone Consumer Protection Act ("TCPA") violations; and (4) Defendant's relationship with any third parties that may have relevant information surrounding this matter.

Shein anticipates seeking information relating to, among other things: (i) Plaintiff's allegations and claim, (ii) consent and other affirmative defenses, (iii) the elements required for Rule 23, (iv) Plaintiff's adequacy to serve as a class representative. Shein does not concede that the scope of discovery as portrayed by Plaintiff is appropriate in this case. Shein anticipates potential disputes relating to the scope of class discovery.

IV. Discovery¹ and Dispositive Motions

Due to the time and expense involved in conducting expert witness depositions and other discovery, as well as preparing and resolving dispositive motions, the Court requires counsel to use the CMP as an opportunity to seriously explore whether this case is appropriate for such motions (specifically including motions for summary judgment), whether expert witnesses will be needed, and how long discovery should continue. To this end, counsel must select the track set forth below that they believe best suits this case. If the parties are unable to agree on a track, the parties must: (1) state this fact in the CMP where indicated below; (2) indicate which track each counsel believes is most appropriate; and (3) provide a brief statement supporting the reasons for the track each counsel believes is most appropriate. If the parties are unable to agree on a track, the Court will pick the track it finds most appropriate, based upon the contents of the CMP or, if necessary, after receiving additional input at an initial pretrial conference.

- A. Does any party believe that this case may be appropriate for summary judgment or other dispositive motion? **Yes.**

If yes, the party(ies) that expect to file such a motion must provide a brief statement of the factual and/or legal basis for such a motion. [Note: A statement such as, “Defendant will seek summary judgment because no material facts are in dispute,” is insufficient. Such a statement does not indicate to the Court that the parties used the CMP as an opportunity to seriously explore whether this case is appropriate for summary judgment or other dispositive motion. However, the failure to set forth a basis for a dispositive motion in the CMP will not bar a party from raising this argument at the motions stage.]

At this time, Defendant anticipates moving for summary judgment on the following grounds: (i) a text message does not qualify as a “telephone call” under 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5), (ii) a cellular phone does not qualify as a residential line, (iii) Shein satisfies the TCPA’s statutory safe harbor under 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5)(C) and (iv) Shein acted in good faith.

- B. On or before **90 days after a ruling on class certification**, and consistent with the certification provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 11(b), the party with the burden of proof shall file a statement of the claims or defenses it intends to prove at trial, stating specifically the legal theories upon which the claims or defenses are based.

¹ The term “completed,” as used in Section IV.C, means that counsel must serve their discovery requests in sufficient time to receive responses before this deadline. Counsel may not serve discovery requests within the 30-day period before this deadline unless they seek leave of Court to serve a belated request and show good cause for the same. In such event, the proposed belated discovery request shall be filed with the motion, and the opposing party will receive it with service of the motion but need not respond to the same until such time as the Court grants the motion.

C. Select the track that best suits this case:

Track 1: No dispositive motions are anticipated. All discovery shall be completed by _____ [no later than 16 months from Anchor Date]. [Note: Given that no dispositive motions are anticipated, the parties should consider accelerating discovery and other pretrial deadlines to the extent practicable and suggest a substantially earlier trial date (Section VI). The Court encourages a track faster than the standard track in all cases in which dispositive motions are not anticipated].

Track 2: Dispositive motions are expected and shall be filed by _____ [no later than 11-12 months from Anchor Date]; non-expert witness discovery and discovery relating to liability issues shall be completed by _____ [no later than 10 months from Anchor Date]; expert witness discovery and discovery relating to damages shall be completed by _____ [no later than 15 months from Anchor Date]. All remaining discovery shall be completed by no later than 16 months from Anchor Date. [Note: The Court expects this will be the typical track when dispositive motions are anticipated.]

Track 3: The parties submit that Track 3 is appropriate here because this is a proposed class action that may require additional scheduling flexibility. This is because, should the Court certify a class, class notice must be disseminated and absent class members must be given an opportunity to exclude themselves, before any adjudication on the merits. In a TCPA class action, the process of notifying the class can take several months. Thus, the parties propose that class certification motions be filed by **May 18, 2026**.

The parties propose that dispositive motions be due within 90 days of the Court's decision on class certification.

Absent leave of Court, and for good cause shown, all issues raised on summary judgment under Fed. R. Civ. P. 56 must be raised by a party in a single motion.

V. Pre-Trial/Settlement Conferences

At any time, any party may call the Judge's Staff to request a conference, or the Court may *sua sponte* schedule a conference at any time. The presumptive time for a settlement conference is no later than 30 days before the close of non-expert discovery. **The parties are encouraged to request an earlier date if they believe the assistance of the Magistrate Judge would be helpful in achieving settlement.**

The parties recommend a settlement conference in January or February of 2026.

VI. Trial Date

The parties request a trial date no earlier than six months after the class certification decision (including any interlocutory appeal under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(f)). If possible, the Parties would prefer to submit dispositive motion and trial dates following a ruling on class certification, which is likely to impact the remainder of the case. The trial is by **jury** and is anticipated to take **3-5 days**. Counsel should indicate here the reasons that a shorter or longer track is appropriate. While all dates herein must be initially scheduled to match the presumptive trial date, if the Court agrees that a different track is appropriate, the case management order approving the CMP plan will indicate the number of months by which all or certain deadlines will be extended to match the track approved by the Court.

VII. Referral to Magistrate Judge

- A. **Case.** At this time, all parties **do not** consent to refer this matter to the currently assigned Magistrate Judge pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 636(c) and Fed. R. Civ. P. 73 for all further proceedings including trial.
- B. **Motions.** The parties may also consent to having the assigned Magistrate Judge rule on motions ordinarily handled by the District Judge, such as motions to dismiss, for summary judgment, or for remand. If all parties consent, they should file a joint stipulation to that effect. Partial consents are subject to the approval of the presiding district judge.

VIII. Required Pre-Trial Preparation

- A. **TWO WEEKS BEFORE THE FINAL PRETRIAL CONFERENCE, the parties shall:**
 1. File a list of trial witnesses, by name, who are actually expected to be called to testify at trial. This list may not include any witnesses not on a party's final witness list filed pursuant to Section III.I.
 2. Number in sequential order all exhibits, including graphs, charts and the like, that will be used during the trial. Provide the Court with a list of these exhibits, including a description of each exhibit and the identifying designation. Make the original exhibits available for inspection by opposing counsel. Stipulations as to the authenticity and admissibility of exhibits are encouraged to the greatest extent possible.
 3. Submit all stipulations of facts in writing to the Court. Stipulations are always encouraged so that at trial, counsel can concentrate on relevant contested facts.

4. A party who intends to offer any depositions into evidence during the party's case in chief shall prepare and file with the Court and copy to all opposing parties either:
 - a. brief written summaries of the relevant facts in the depositions that will be offered. (Because such a summary will be used in lieu of the actual deposition testimony to eliminate time reading depositions in a question and answer format, this is strongly encouraged.); or
 - b. if a summary is inappropriate, a document which lists the portions of the deposition(s), including the specific page and line numbers, that will be read, or, in the event of a video-taped deposition, the portions of the deposition that will be played, designated specifically by counter-numbers.
5. Provide all other parties and the Court with any trial briefs and motions in limine, along with all proposed jury instructions, voir dire questions, and areas of inquiry for voir dire (or, if the trial is to the Court, with proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law).
6. Notify the Court and opposing counsel of the anticipated use of any evidence presentation equipment.

B. ONE WEEK BEFORE THE FINAL PRETRIAL CONFERENCE, the parties shall:

1. Notify opposing counsel in writing of any objections to the proposed exhibits. If the parties desire a ruling on the objection prior to trial, a motion should be filed noting the objection and a description and designation of the exhibit, the basis of the objection, and the legal authorities supporting the objection.
2. If a party has an objection to the deposition summary or to a designated portion of a deposition that will be offered at trial, or if a party intends to offer additional portions at trial in response to the opponent's designation, and the parties desire a ruling on the objection prior to trial, the party shall submit the objections and counter summaries or designations to the Court in writing. Any objections shall be made in the same manner as for proposed exhibits. However, in the case of objections to video-taped depositions, the objections shall be brought to the Court's immediate attention to allow adequate time for editing of the deposition prior to trial.
3. File objections to any motions in limine, proposed instructions, and voir dire questions submitted by the opposing parties.

4. Notify the Court and opposing counsel of requests for separation of witnesses at trial.

IX. Other Matters

The parties are likely to request that the Court enter a protective order in substantially the form reflected in this district's Uniform Protective Order. The parties will submit a proposed order for the Court's approval.

Dated: September 26, 2025

/s/ Anthony I. Paronich

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Counsel for Defendant

	PARTIES APPEARED IN PERSON/BY COUNSEL ON _____ FOR A PRETRIAL/STATUS CONFERENCE.
	APPROVED AS SUBMITTED.
	APPROVED AS AMENDED.
	APPROVED AS AMENDED PER SEPARATE ORDER.
	APPROVED, BUT ALL OF THE FOREGOING DEADLINES ARE SHORTENED/LENGTHENED BY _____ MONTHS.

	APPROVED, BUT THE DEADLINES SET IN SECTION(S) _____ OF THE PLAN IS/ARE SHORTENED/LENGTHENED BY _____ MONTHS.
	THIS MATTER IS SET FOR TRIAL BY _____ ON _____. FINAL PRETRIAL CONFERENCE IS SCHEDULED FOR _____ AT .M., ROOM _____.
	A SETTLEMENT/STATUS CONFERENCE IS SET IN THIS CASE FOR _____ AT _____.COUNSEL SHALL APPEAR: _____ IN PERSON IN ROOM _____; OR _____ BY TELEPHONE, WITH COUNSEL FOR INITIATING THE CALL TO ALL OTHER PARTIES AND ADDING THE COURT JUDGE AT (_____ _____) ; OR _____ BY TELEPHONE, WITH COUNSEL CALLING THE JUDGE'S STAFF AT (_____ _____) ;
	DISPOSITIVE MOTIONS SHALL BE FILED NO LATER THAN _____

Upon approval, this Plan constitutes an Order of the Court. Failure to comply with an Order of the Court may result in sanctions for contempt, or as provided under Fed. R. Civ. P. 16-1(f), to and including dismissal or default.

APPROVED AND SO ORDERED.